Subsection 1.--Milage and Equipment

Construction was begun in 1835 on the first railway in Canada—the short link of 14.5 miles between Laprairie and St. Johns, Que.—but only 66 miles were in operation by 1850. The first great period of construction was in the 1850's when the Grand Trunk and the Great Western Railways were built as well as numerous smaller lines. The building of the Intercolonial and the Canadian Pacific Railways contributed to another period of rapid expansion in the 1870's and 1880's. In the last period of extensive railway building (1900-1917), the Grand Trunk Pacific, National Transcontinental and Canadian Northern Railways were constructed.

Only a gradual increase has taken place in the milage of single track line since the 1920's. Recently, however, the development of a number of large industrial projects in districts far removed from transport facilities has necessitated the building of branch lines. Those constructed up to 1956 are listed in the 1957-58 Year Book at p. 815. In 1957, three new branches were added to the Canadian National System: in Quebec, a 161-mile line from Beattyville to Chibougamau was placed in operation, linking this mineral-rich area with the industrial centres of the province; in New Brunswick, a 23-mile line was completed between Bartibog and the base-metal development at Heath Steele; in Manitoba, the CNR took over a new 31-mile line from Sipiwesk on the Hudson Bay line to the International Nickel Company development at Thompson. Still in the surveying stage was a branch line from Optic Lake to Chisel Lake in northern Manitoba, a distance of 52 miles. Pacific Great Eastern Railway in British Columbia, with rail facilities extending 466 miles from Vancouver to Prince George, in 1958 officially opened 262 miles of track between Prince George and Fort St. John and 61 miles between Chetwynd and Dawson Creek (Little Prairie).

While new construction has added considerably to single track milage placed in operation in the past few years, other lines have been abandoned because they have become unprofitable so that new milage is not altogether reflected in the totals shown in Table 1. The British Columbia Electric Railway Company reported rail transport information for the first time in 1957 and contributed 103 miles of first main track milage to the total for that year.

1.—Railway Track Milage Operated, 1900-57

Notz.-Figures of total milage of single track operated for 1835-1909 are given in the 1941 Year Book, p. 546; for 1911-14 in the 1954 edition, p. 786; for 1916-24 in the 1955 edition, p. 830; and for 1925-49 in the 1956 edition, p. 792.

SINGLE TRACK MILAGE		TRACK MILAGE BY PROVINCE AND TYPE				
Year	Miles in Operation	Province and Type of Track	1954	1955	1956	1957
1900. 1905. 1910. 1915. 1920. 1925. 1930. 1935. 1945. 1945. 1950.	No. 17,657 20,487 24,731 34,882 38,805 40,350 42,916 42,565 42,352 42,379	Single— Newfoundland. Nova Scotia. New Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. British Columbia. Yukon. In United States.	No. 705 285 1,392 1,834 4,831 10,378 4,979 8,721 5,651 3,959 58 339	No. 910 285 1,401 1,800 4,936 10,375 4,979 8,721 5,659 3,981 58 339	No. 934 285 1,391 1,799 4,940 10,516 4,974 8,721 5,680 4,015 58 339	No. 934 285 1,370 1,818 5,096 10,513 5,005 8,721 5,680 4,071 58 339
1951 1952 1953 1954 1955 1956 1957	42,956 42,953 43,163 43,132 43,444 43,652 43,890	Totais, Single Second Industrial Yard and sidings Grand Totals	43,132 2,485 2,181 10,962 58,760 ²	43,444 2,486 2,243 11,142 59,315 ²	43,652 2,476 2,384 11,318 59,830 ²	43,890 2,471 1,208 11,528 59,097 ²

¹ Newfoundland included from 1950.

² Includes 45 miles of joint track.